

MERU UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

P.O. Box 972-60200 - Meru-Kenya

Tel: +254(0) 799 529 958, +254(0) 799 529 959, + 254 (0) 712 524 293,

Website: info@must.ac.ke Email: info@must.ac.ke

University Examinations 2024/2025

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN ANIMAL HEALTH AND PRODUCTION

AAP 2253: VIRAL AND RICKETSIAL DISEASES

DATE: JANUARY 2025 TIME: 1¹/₂ HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Di	scuss prevention and control measures for lumpy skin disease	(5 Marks)			
b) St	b) State the etiology for the following diseases				
i.	Rift valley Fever	(2 Marks)			
ii.	Pestes des Petit Ruminantia	(2 Marks)			
iii.	Canine Ehrlichiosis	(2 Marks)			
iv.	Heart water	(2 Marks)			
v.	New castle	(2 Marks)			
c) De	efine the term differential diagnosis	(2 Marks)			
d) O	utline the pathognomonic clinical signs in African Swine Fever	(5 Marks)			
e) Li	st two differential diagnosis for cowdriasis	(2 Marks)			
f) Li	st the clinical signs of a typical ephemeral fever	(6 Marks)			

QUESTION TWO (15 MARKS)

A client reports to you that one of their 6 weeks old German shepherd puppies has foul hemorrhagic diarrhoea, vomiting, anorexia, dullness, dehydration, and lethargy.

i.	Which questions will you ask during history taking	(2 Marks)
ii.	List the differential diagnosis for this case	(3 Marks)
iii.	What is your tentative diagnosis for this case	(l Mark)
iv.	How did you rule out the differentials in (II) above	(2 Marks)
v.	How would you manage the tentative diagnosis in (Ill) above	(3 Marks)
vi.	What are the control and prevention measures would you advice to contain	the tentative
	diagnosis in (Ill) above	(4 Marks)

QUESTION THREE (15 MARKS)

a)	List the pathognomonic clinical signs of a Foot and Mouth Disease case	(5 Marks)
b)	Discuss the etiology and treatment of Bovine Petechial Fever	(5 Marks)
c)	State the etiology and clinical signs of canine distemper	(5 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR (15 MARKS)

In a poultry farm, a farmer reports numerous sudden deaths, live birds have greenish diarrhoea, respiratory distress such as sneezing, coughing and gasping, and some show paralysis of the wings and legs.

a)	Which questions would you ask to aid in your diagnosis	(3 Marks)
b)	What are the differential diagnosis of the above case	(3 Marks)
c)	What would be your tentative diagnosis	(2 Marks)
d)	How would you manage the tentative diagnosis	(3 Marks)
e)	Discuss the prevention and control measures you would advice to contain and ste	op the spread
	of your tentative diagnosis	(4 Marks)