



## MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

### UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

# FIRST YEAR, FIRST TRIMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF CLINICAL MEDICINE AND SURGERY

COURSE CODE: HCM 322

**COURSE TITLE:** DENTAL HEALTH CARE

DATE: TUESDAY 5<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER 2023

TIME: 8:00-10:00 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ALL QUESTIONS IN THE THREE SECTIONS (A, B AND C) ARE

COMPULSORY

**DURATION: 2Hours** 

MMUST OBSERVES ZERO TOLERANCE TO EXAMINATION CHEATING

HCM 322: Dental Health

#### SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQs); 20 MARKS Choose the most appropriate answer

- 1. Which of the following muscles is an intrinsic tongue muscle?
  - A) geniohyoideus
  - B) stylohyoideus
  - C) transverse muscle
  - D) orbicularis oris
- 2. Which tooth is meant when we talk about 16?
  - A) Upper right first molar
  - B) Upper left second molar
  - C) Lower left first molar
  - D) Lower right first molar
- 3. How many roots has a lower molar?
  - A) 3
  - B) 1
  - C) 2
  - D) 4
- 4. Which of the following structures is not part of the periodontium?
  - A) gingiva
  - B) periodontal ligament
  - C) cementum
  - D) enamel
- 5. Which of the following muscles is a chewing muscle?
  - A) Pterygoideus medialis
  - B) Orbicularis oris
  - C) Levator cilii
  - D) stylohyoideus
- 6. Which nerve innervates the lower molars?
  - A) N. palatinus
  - B) N. alveolaris inferior
  - C) N. mentalis
  - D) N. infraorbitalis
- 7. Which germ is considered to be the leading germ in the development of caries?
  - A) Staphylococcus aureus
  - B) Streptococcus mutans
  - C) lactobacillus
  - D) bacteroides forsythius
- 8. What is the buffer capacity of the saliva?
  - A) The ability of the saliva to neutralize the pH-level of the saliva after intake of sugar
  - B) The possibility to kill microorganisms
  - C) The ability to increase the PH level of the saliva
  - D) The ability to cover the tooth surface
- 9. When is a root canal treatment is required?
  - A) If the hard substance loss of the tooth is more than 60%
  - B) When the caries has reached the pulp chamber
  - C) When there is severe bleeding of the gingiva
  - D) When the caries is below the gingiva level

- 10. Which of the following bacteria are not involved in the progression of periodontitis? A) Streptococcus mutans B) Bacteroides C) Agregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans D) Treponema species 11. .What does overbite mean??
  - - A) A failure in chewing
    - B) The distance of the upper incisors over the lower incisors
    - C) The distance between the upper and lower anterior teeth in a sagittal dimension
    - D) The occlusion of the molars
- 12. What does Angle class II mean?
  - A) Neutral bite
  - B) Distal bite
  - C) Mesial bite
  - D) Prognathy
- 13. . Which of the following is not a local anesthetic?
  - A) Cocaine
  - B) bupivacaine
  - C) lidocaine
  - D) Amphotericin B
- 14. What does topical anesthesia mean?
  - A) block
  - B) terminal anesthesia
  - C) superficial anesthesia of the mucosa
  - D) intraligamentaer anesthesia
- 15. Which nerve has to be anaesthetized when a lower molar should be extracted?
  - A) N.buccalis
  - B) N. alveolaris superior
  - C) N. mentalis
  - D) N. infraorbitalis
- 16. What is an alveolitis?
  - A) Empty socket, dry socket
  - B) Inflammation of the gum
  - C) Pulpitis
  - D) An inflammation of the periodontium
- 17. What does partially retention of a tooth mean?
  - A) A retention of a tooth in the jaw with an exposed tooth surface
  - B) A relocation of a tooth into another region
  - C) A complicated extraction procedure
  - D) A totally retention of the tooth in the sinus
- 18. Which sign can be considered a unsure sign of a fracture of the jaws?
  - A) pain
  - B) crepitition
  - C) dislocation
  - d) abnormal movement
- 19. What is considered to be a complicated tooth fracture??
  - A) Enamel is involved
  - B) Dentin is involved
  - C) The pulp cavity is exposed
  - D) The gum around the tooth is involved
- 20. Which of the following tumors of the jaw is considered to be malign?

- A) Osteosarcoma
- B) Ameloblastoma
- C) Cyst
- D) Odontoma

#### <u>SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (SAQS); 40 MARKS</u> *Answer all the questions*

1.	Name the condition for the development of tooth decay!	4 marks
2.	Name bacteria which are responsible for periodontitis!	6 marks
3.	Define malocclusion/misalignment !	5 marks
	State clinical findings for a periodontitis!	5 marks
	State healing disorders during and after extraction!	5 mark
	What are the characteristics in Angle class II misalignment!	6 marks
	Which types of fillings do you know?	5 mark
8.	What do you know as the prevention measures against caries?	4 marks

#### <u>SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (LAQS); 40 MARKS</u> *Answer all the questions*

- Describe caries as an infectious disease and explain the development of a cavity! Explain the diagnostic procedures to detect cavities, its prevention and treatment possibilities!

  20 marks
- 2. Determine the preparational steps to undertake a tooth extraction! Which indications and contraindication of tooth extractions do you know! Explain which possibilities of local anaesthesia procedures can be used in different areas!

20 marks

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